



PEACE AT HOME  
PARENTING SOLUTIONS

## Back To Basics: Peace At Home Parenting Principles

**Peace At Home Parenting Principles are the *building blocks of what science tells us helps children thrive and reach their full potential.*** By keeping these nine principles in mind, you can form more meaningful connections with your children and reduce your own stress in the process. **And remember, reach for progress not perfection.**

**1. Be your child's calm center** - A calm brain provides the shortest path to a skillful response when your child is emotionally overwhelmed. The ability to keep a calm brain in a tense situation doesn't happen without practice and commitment. Building a brain calming practice is one of the most powerful things you can do for your kids. Once you find a practice that works, invite your children to find a practice that will work for them.

**2. Understand yourself** - The majority of parents in the U.S. grew up with at least one Adverse Childhood Experience and these early experiences powerfully impact you as a parent. You and your whole family benefit when you increase your awareness of how your childhood specifically affects your thoughts, feelings and behaviors, especially in response to your children. Understanding yourself can also include reckoning with the history of your cultural group and related traumas, as well as striving to break negative family patterns. This process may also include grappling with the difficult question of how to raise and nurture children in a society that doesn't support the well-being of all children. And finally, to the best of your ability, work to avoid using your children to "re-do" your own life, make up for your regrets and failures, or fulfill your dreams.

**3. Focus on connection and curiosity** - A positive parent child relationship is the most powerful mental health intervention that exists. Healthy relationships are built on positive connection, not control. Your curiosity about your child is a magical ingredient that allows you to really see your child and to help them feel seen. Feeling seen and accepted is vital to well-being and to positive attachment. Curiosity happens when you drop your own agenda and approach your child with an earnest wish to understand them and how they view the world. In this way, curiosity is a way of expressing unconditional love and acceptance. Stay open to your children, even when they are stressed and misbehaving, and allow them to influence you. And keep in mind that underneath many ongoing misbehaviors are unmet needs or stressors that your curiosity may help you understand and address.

**4. Teach and model kindness and compassion** - Avoid dividing the world into good and bad people. Talk about kindness, invite kids to talk about ways they have been kind to people and how people have been kind to them. Model compassion and talk about how it works in the world - including ways you may or may not have compassion toward yourself or others. Discuss the challenges of kindness and compassion and the need to accept your own imperfections while still striving to do better.

**5. Create rules, routines, rhythms, and rituals with your family** - Rules articulate the expected behaviors for a peaceful home. Rules work best when they are created as a family and expressed in the positive, telling family members what TO do rather than what NOT to do. For example, “We treat each other’s things with respect.” “We keep our agreements.” Routines define the way an activity, like mealtimes, occurs. Routines are the how-we-do-it and are made more inviting by a positive emotional climate. Rhythms are the order, and sometimes the times, at which things happen in the home. Rituals are activities that mark important events, like holidays or vacations. Daily routines that start to have special meaning become rituals, too. Maybe when you sit down to dinner, each person in the family shares one thing they appreciated about that day. Maybe you even hold hands while sharing. These practices may also reflect traditions like stories of your family or culture that are meant to be passed down through generations. Rules, routines, rhythms, and rituals are important; they signal safety to the brain and strengthen the essential feeling of belonging, both of which protect children’s emotional wellbeing.

**6. Recognize the power of play and playfulness** - Play and playfulness provide powerful signals of safety and open the mind to cooperation and social learning. Playfulness is a way of being in which a parent expresses joy by engaging with their child. Songs, rhymes, smiles, and silliness are all ways of playfully inviting children to do almost anything. Play is exploring without a goal; playing is like breathing for young children because play is how they learn best. Set aside time, daily if possible, to connect with your child by joining in their interests, imaginary world, or a game. This communicates respect and acceptance of the child’s interests. Play doesn’t require expensive toys or materials - using things found in the home or in nature can work just as well to explore or spend time enjoying together. And play is important throughout your child’s development, even into adolescence.

**7. Strengthen emotional intelligence** - Help children feel comfortable with their own emotions and those of others. Help your child recognize emotions and name them. What they can name, they can tame. Treat all emotions as normal - theirs and yours. Be a model of expressing emotions respectfully, managing emotions, and getting support to handle your emotions. These are the building blocks of the very important asset, emotional intelligence, and the first step in helping children become problem solvers.

**8. Create Problem Solvers** - Children who are problem solvers embody independent thinking, self-awareness, situational awareness, confidence, and emotional intelligence. Learn how to determine which problems belong to your child to solve and which ones are yours. Entrust your child to make their own decisions about the problems that belong to them. If they need your support, learn how to coach problem solving without solving your child's problems for them. Use curiosity to invite them to think through the outcomes of their solutions. Give choices from an early age and refrain from directing, correcting, or offering unsolicited advice and criticism. Above all, regardless of the difficulties you see around you, strive to parent your child from a place of hope to the best of your ability.

**9. Signal Safety** - Children look to caregivers for signals of safety or danger. It is vital that parents recognize the nature of their own anxious responses. A child who feels safe in relation to their parents and caregivers will naturally use social-emotional strategies to problem solve. Signaling safety is a powerful way to protect your child's mental health.

**Keep in mind that you don't have to do everything perfectly to make a difference.** By making small changes to daily practices, one step at a time, you can support your own wellbeing as well as your child's. This will lead to increased happiness and improved connection within your family.

**Take one step at a time** and get support to battle those post pandemic challenges that are taking a toll on all of us—increased parental stress and child mental health challenges.

We invite you to check out our [calendar](#) for live, interactive workshops on these and other important topics. Reach out to our Peace At Home Parent Guide team at [Solutions@PeaceatHomeParenting.com](mailto:Solutions@PeaceatHomeParenting.com) and let us know how we can help.